ACTION FOR Conflict Resolution (ACR)

ANTI-FRAUD, BRIBERY AND CORRUPTION POLICY

Staff Handbook



ACR Country head office

Hai Kuwait Plot #169 3K South

Juba South Sudan

Email: acrssudan@gmail.com

ACR's Field Office

Block: Dare A Bentiu Unity State

Plot # 216

acradmin@acrssd.org

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I. INTRODUCTION

Action for Conflict Resolution ACR (hereafter referred to as 'ACR') is a South Sudanese based organization. Independent, private and non-profit, ACR respects a strict political and religious impartiality, and operates following principles of neutrality, non-discrimination, transparency, according to its core values: responsibility, ACR, enterprising-spirit and inspiration.

ACR is committed to shape practices and influence policies in peace building and development settings in order to positively impact lives of people and their communities. ACR aims to enable better and more effective decision making by generating and promoting knowledge, tools and practices for peace and development

The commitment of ACR is guided by the following four core values:

- Responsibility: we contribute to the efficient and responsible delivery of aid with the means and the resources that have been entrusted to us.
- ACR: we are committed to promoting better aid practices and policies to support the communities and the people with whom we engage.
- Enterprising-spirit: we are enterprising and engage in our work with a spirit that creates value and overcomes challenges.
- Inspiration: we strive to inspire all those around us through our vision, values, approaches, choices, practice, actions and advocacy.

A. Policy Statement

ACR adopts a zero tolerance approach towards corruption and is committed to respecting the highest standards in terms of efficiency, responsibility and transparency in its activities.

To this end, ACR's Anti-fraud, Bribery and Corruption Policy:

- Encourages prevention;
- Promotes detection;
- Sets out a clear investigation procedure;
- Sets out a mechanism of sanctions.

This policy is aimed at guiding ACR staff and the other entities referred to in Article 1 of this policy, and must be considered together with:

- ACRT's Code of Conduct;
- ACR's Child Protection Policy;
- ACR's Data Protection Policy;
- ACR's Conflict of Interest Prevention Policy;
- ACR's Grievance Policy;
- ACR's Policy against Sexual Exploitation and Abuse;
- ACR's Anti-Terrorism Policy;

 ACR's procedures, manuals and handbooks e.g. Finance, Logistics, Human Resources, Grants Management;

ACR's Security and Safety Guidelines

- B. ACR's Anti-Fraud and Corruption Principles ACR is guided by three main principles related to anti-fraud and corruption:
 - Anti-Fraud and corruption: ACR refuses to support fraudulent actions directly or indirectly and undertakes to minimize risks of corruption in the implementation of its activities.
 - Transparency and accountability: ACR commits to be fully accountable and transparent towards its beneficiaries, partners and financial donors, by providing access to information regarding the allocation and management of its funds. ACR undertakes to have in hand all necessary tools to ensure the correct management of its operations.
 - Professionalism: ACR bases its design, implementation, management and evaluation of programmers on high standards of professionalism, and capitalizes on its experience in order to maximize efficiency and resources.

The original Anti-Fraud, Bribery and Corruption Policy are in ACR. Any other versions are available for translation purposes only. In case of discrepancy between the ACR and any other version of the policy, the ACR version prevails

II. INTERPRETATION AND APPLICATION

Article 1 – Scope of application

- 1. This policy applies to all ACR staff and constructors.
- 2. The provisions of this policy may also be applied to any person employed by an entity that carries out missions for ACR.
- 3. In particular, this policy applies to consultants, and , beneficiaries of ACR Supplies .

Article 2 – Definitions

- 1. Corruption: Under the terms of this policy, "corruption" is a dishonest conduct that consists of seeking, soliciting, accepting or receiving directly or indirectly all unjustified payment, gift or benefit for having undertaken, or, alternatively, for having abstained from professional obligations. Corruption can take many forms such as:
 - I. "Bribes": payments to all persons to perform in a more flexible and favorable manner, or refrain from performing, an act falling within their function.

- II. "Facilitation payment": unofficial payments of small amounts intended to facilitate or ensure the smooth running of simple procedures or necessary acts that the payer is entitled to expect, whether on a legal or other basis.
- III. "Fraud": falsification of data, reports, invoices, etc.
- IV. "Extortion": money obtained through coercion or force.
- V. "Favoritisms", "Nepotism", "Collusion": the practice of giving unfair preferential treatment to one person or group at the expense of another.
- VI. "Misappropriation of funds": theft of resources (money, supplies, goods, etc.) by ACR staff, as well as the other entities referred to in Article 1 of this policy, resources given to ghost people (staff, suppliers, beneficiaries), etc.
- VII. "Embezzlement": misappropriation of funds, when the funds involved have been lawfully entrusted to the embezzler.
- VIII. "Trading in influence": giving or receiving of money, property or favors, involving a public person.
- IX. "Product substitution": refers to the knowing and willful substitution, without the purchaser's knowledge or consent, of sub-standard, used, or counterfeit products or materials for those specified in the contract or purchase order.
- 2. Beneficiaries: Under the terms of this policy, the term "beneficiary" refers to any person who benefits, directly or indirectly, from the programmes of ACR, including persons of concern such as survey respondents.
- 3. Consultant: Under the term of this policy, a "consultant" is a third party, individual or group, with or without legal personality, who directly or indirectly provides any type of consulting services to ACR, whether for a fee or not.
- 4. Associated Entities: Under the terms of this policy, "associated entities" are legal persons under private or public law who play an active role in the implementation of the project but are not responsible for managing any budget.
- 5. Governance: Under the terms of this policy, the term "governance" refers to any person elected by decision making bodies to participate in the managerial and administrative bodies of ACR.
- 6. Implementing partners: Under the terms of this policy, an "implementing partner" is a partner to whom the implementation of one or more projects or activities has been delegated, and to whom a budget has been allocated for this purpose. In particular, this refers to international NGOs and/or national NGOs and/or public institutions.
- 7. Stakeholders: Under the terms of this policy, "stakeholders" are individuals or groups, with or without a legal personality, who directly or indirectly, voluntarily or involuntarily, contribute to, participate in or benefit, in any way, from the actions, programmes and activities of ACR.

- 8. ACR staff: Under the terms of this policy, the term "ACR staff" refers to any person employed by ACR. The interns and volunteers of ACR are considered to fall within this category, for the purposes of this policy.
- 9. Sub-grantee: Under the terms of this policy, a "sub-grantee" is an individual or group, with or without a legal personality, who receives a budget to carry out a project or activity.
- 10. Supplier: Under the term of this policy, a "supplier" is a third party, individual or group, with or without legal personality, who directly or indirectly provides any type of goods and/or services to ACR, whether for a fee or not.

Article 3 – Information and adherence to the policy

This policy is published under the authority of ACR. ACR staff, as well as the other entities referred to in Article

- 1. 1 of this policy, are required to conduct them in accordance with this policy and must therefore be aware of and have understood its provisions and any changes. When they are unsure of how to proceed, they should seek the advice of a competent person, notably their line manager.
- 2. ACR staff, as well as the other entities referred to in Article 1 of this policy, who are responsible to negotiate the terms and conditions of employment of any ACF staff, must ensure that staff is aware of and commits to the full respect of this policy.
- 3. It is the responsibility of ACR staff with managerial responsibilities, as well as the other entities referred to in Article 1 of this policy, to ensure that staff under their supervision comply with this policy; and to take or propose appropriate disciplinary measures as sanction against any violations of its provisions.
- 4. This policy shall form part of the working conditions of ACR staff and the conditions for the performance of the missions of the other entities referred to in Article 1 of this policy from the moment they certify that they have read it.
- 5. ACR will review the provisions of this policy at regular intervals.

Article 4 – Purpose of the Policy

The purpose of this policy is to:

- 1. Implement anti-fraud, bribery and corruption mechanisms through prevention, reporting, action, investigation and termination procedures for ACR staff and the other entities referred to in Article 1 of this policy.
- 2. Specify the rules on anti-fraud, bribery and corruption that ACR staff and the other entities referred to in Article 1 of this policy must observe.
- 3. Inform third parties of the conduct that they are entitled to expect from ACR staff and the other entities referred to in Article 1 of this policy.

III. GENERAL PRINCIPLES

Article 5 - Neutrality

ACR staff, as well as the other entities referred to in Article 1 of this policy, must fulfill their duties in a neutral and apolitical manner, in accordance with the law, legitimate instructions and ethical rules relating to their roles.

Article 6 – Impartiality

In the context of their professional roles and/or their missions, ACR staff, as well as the other entities referred to in Article 1 of this policy, must act in accordance with the law and exercise their discretionary power in an impartial manner, taking into consideration only relevant circumstances.

Article 7 - Confidence of stakeholders

ACR staff, as well as the other entities referred to in Article 1 of this policy, have a duty to conduct themselves at all times in a way that reflects and upholds ACR's values of integrity, impartiality and efficiency and contribute to strengthen the confidence of all stakeholders.

Article 8 - Hierarchical responsibility

ACR staff report to their immediate line manager and/or the head of their functional department, unless otherwise provided for by law.

Article 9 – Confidentiality

Duly considering the stakeholders' potential right to access information, ACR staff, as well as the other entities referred to in Article 1 of this policy, must process all the information and all the documents acquired during or as part of the exercise of their duties with the necessary confidentiality.

Article 10 - Political or public activity

- Subject to respect of fundamental and constitutional rights, ACR staff must ensure that their
 personal participation in political activities or their involvement in public or political debates
 does not alter the confidence of stakeholders, international, national or local authorities, or
 ACR, with regard to their ability to complete the mission fairly and impartially.
- 2. In the performance of their duties, ACR staff must not use the resources for partisan purposes.

Article 11 – Protection of privacy

All the necessary measures must be taken to ensure that the privacy of IMPACT staff and of the other entities referred to in Article 1 of this policy, is appropriately respected; as a result, the declarations provided for this policy must remain confidential, unless otherwise provided for by law.

Article 12 - Information held

- Considering the general framework of international law regarding access to information held by private individuals, ACR staff and the other entities referred to in Article 1 of this policy should disclose information only in respect to the rules and requirements applicable to ACR.
- 2. ACR staff and the other entities referred to in Article 1 of this policy must take appropriate measures to guarantee the security and confidentiality of the information for which they are responsible or of which they are aware.
- 3. ACR staff and the other entities referred to in Article 1 of this policy must not seek access to information which would be inappropriate for them to have. ACR staff, as well as the other entities referred to in Article 1 of this policy, must not make inappropriate use of the information they may obtain in or as part of the exercise of their duties.

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- 4. In the same way, ACR staff and the other entities referred to in Article 1 of this policy must not retain professional information that may or should be legitimately circulated, or circulate information they know, or have reasonable grounds to believe, is inaccurate or misleading.
- 5. For the purposes of this policy, this article should be read in conjunction with Article 20 of this policy

Article 13 – Professional resources In the exercise of their discretionary power, ACR staff and the other entities referred to in Article 1 of this policy must ensure that the staff and the property, facilities, services and financial resources entrusted to them are managed and used in a useful, effective and economic manner. They must not be used for private purposes, unless this is authorised in writing. Article 14 – Responsibility of line managers

- 1. ACR staff in charge of supervising or managing other ACR staff must do so in accordance with the policies and objectives of IMPACT. They are responsible for responding to acts and omissions of staff under their supervision that violate these policies and objectives, and to take due diligence measures expected from a person in their position to prevent such acts or omissions.
- 2. ACR staff tasked with supervising or managing other ACRs staff must take the necessary measures to prevent staff under their supervision from engaging in acts likely to generate fraud, bribery and corruption. These measures may be: to draw attention to and implement the laws and regulations; to ensure adequate training related to anti-fraud, bribery and corruption and to set an example of integrity through their personal conduct.

IV. ANTI-FRAUD, BRIBERY AND CORRUPTION MECHANISMS

Article 15 – Prohibition of all acts of corruption

1. ACR staff and other entities referred to in Article 1 of this policy must not engage, directly or indirectly, in any act of corruption or fraud within the meaning of this policy.

2. In no event shall ACR staff and other entities referred to in Article 1 of this policy take undue advantage of their professional position for their personal benefit.

A. Corruption prevention mechanisms

Article 16 – Importance of prevention

Fully aware that corruption can be avoided most effectively by creating an organizational culture of careful and responsible use of money, ACR has developed a series of preventive mechanisms and internal control systems aimed at preventing and identifying fraud and corruption, notably included in the Finance, Logistics and Human Resources Manuals and procedures.

Article 17 – Prevention and identification mechanisms

ACR developed a number of mechanisms aiming at preventing corruption, such as:

- Providing ACR staff and the other entities referred to in Article 1 of this policy, with a clear sense of purpose and direction and inspiring them to be guided by ACR's core values and policies;
- Putting in place appropriate controls, in particular accounting controls, and checking that such
 controls are working in a way that empowers field staff to make good judgments. This also
 means providing staff with the training;
- Identifying risk factors throughout the project or programme cycle and throughout the supply
 chain; recognizing their likelihood, understanding the consequences; and setting up appropriate
 countermeasures;
- Making sure that field staff maintain a respectful dialogue with beneficiaries and any other stakeholders. Accountability to beneficiaries is a particularly effective way of reducing the risk of corruption;
- Setting up training for managers and staff most exposed to the risks of corruption, fraud and influence peddling;
- Implementing evaluation procedures for ACR's partners by conducting due diligence, particularly with regard to their anti-corruption and anti-fraud commitments.

B. Duty to report

Article 18 - Reporting obligation

- ACR has adopted an approach that promotes and ensures transparency within the organization and has appointed a Transparency focal point who can be reached via a specific email address acradmin@acrssd.org
- 2. ACR staff and other entities referred to in Article 1 of this policy, which believe that they are required to act unlawfully, improperly or unethically, which may be in violation of this policy or otherwise inconsistent with this policy, should report it to their line manager and in any case through acradmin@acrssd.org
- 3. ACR staff and the other entities referred to in Article 1 of this policy must report to their line manager and/or the ACR ED Focal Point and in any case through <a href="mailto:acraedmin@acraed

- 4. any evidence, allegation or suspicion of illegal activity concerning ACR of which they are aware in or as part of the exercise of their duties. The investigation of the reported facts is conducted by ACR in accordance with Article 20 of this policy.
- 5. If it is not appropriate to report to the line manager, ACR staff should report to senior management of their team or department and in any case through transparency. acradmin@acrssd.org
- 6. ACR may, within the framework of its contractual and/or legal obligations, be obliged to inform concerned donors and, if necessary, relevant external authorities, of cases of corruption after these have been proven as such by an internal investigation.
- 7. ACR must ensure that ACR staff who reports a case as described above on the basis of reasonable suspicions and in good faith does not suffer from any harm as a result.
- 8. Cases of misuse of complaint mechanisms may be subject to sanctions.
- **9.** ACR must take necessary measures to guarantee the confidentiality of the author of a report and other persons concerned.
- C. Conduct in the event of corruption Article 19
- Conduct in the event of attempted corruption
- 1. Since ACR staff and the other entities referred to in Article 1 of this policy are generally the only ones who know if they are confronted with an attempt at bribery, they are personally liable for:
 - being attentive to any actual or potential corruption;
 - taking measures to avoid such an act;
 - in accordance with Article 18 of this policy, informing his or her line manager and/or the ACR ED Focal Point and in any case transparency.acradmin@acrssd.org of any act of corruption as soon as he or she becomes aware of it;
 - Complying with any final decision requiring him/her to withdraw from the situation giving rise to such an act.
 - 1. If ACR staff and other entities referred to in Article 1 of this policy are offered an undue advantage, they must take the following measures to ensure their protection:
 - 2. refusing the undue advantage; it is not necessary to accept it in order to use it as evidence;
 - 3. try to identify the person who made the offer;
 - 4. avoid prolonged contact, although knowledge of the reason for the offer may be useful in a statement;
 - 5. if the gift cannot be refused or returned to the sender, it must be kept and handled as little as possible;
 - 6. try to have witnesses, for example colleagues working in the vicinity;
 - 7. draw up as soon as possible a written report on this attempt and communicate it to his or her line managers;
 - 8. in accordance with Article 18 of this policy, report the attempt as soon as possible to his line manager and in any case through acradmin@acrssd.org

- 9. Continue to work normally, in particular on the case on which the undue advantage was offered.
 - 3. Any significant gifts that could not be refused must be given to IMPACT with an explanatory note. 4. It should be noted that in the event of a direct request for facilitation of payments, the following mechanisms may be put in place:
- 10. explain that this type of practice is contrary to IMPACT's policy;
- 11. refuse to pay;
- 12. record the proposer's name and request an official card;
- 13. report the fraud/corruption attempt to the coordination and in any case to tra

acradmin@acrssd.org

5. ACR must ensure that ACR staff and other entities referred to in

Article 1 of this policy who report a case as described above on the basis of reasonable suspicions and in good faith do not suffer from any harm as a result.

6. ACR considers the security and safety of its staff to be of paramount importance. In situations of serious coercion and in the event of serious and imminent danger to the physical integrity or safety of persons, ACR staff and other entities referred to in .

Article 1 of this policy must not endanger themselves or others by strictly complying with this policy. ACR strives to prevent its staff from becoming victim of such situations. However, if they do occur, these incidents should be reported in a timely manner to ACR's ED Focal Point and, in any case, through acradmin@acrssd.org.